

CHICAGO, Nov. 16th.

Delegations of the following States to the next Congress stand about as follows: Maine, 5 Union; N. H., 3 Union; Vt., 3 Union; Conn., 3 Union and 1 Dem.; Rhode Island, 2 Union; Mass., 10 Union; N. Y., 20 Union and 11 Dem.; N. J., 2 Union and 3 Dem.; Penn., 16 Union and 8 Dem.; Del., 1 Union; Ohio, 17 Union and 2 Dem.; Ill., 11 Union and 3 Dem.; Md., 14 Union and 1 Dem.; Ind., 8 Union and 3 Dem.; Wis., 5 Union and 1 Dem.; Mich., 6 Union; Iowa, 6 Union; Minn., 2 Union; Kansas, 1 Union; Ky., 3 Union and 6 Dem.; Mo., 6 Union and 3 Dem.; West Va., 3 Union. Total Union, 137; Dem., 42. The majority of the popular vote for Lincoln is about as follows: Maine, 18,000; N. H., 2,500; Vt., 30,301; Mass., 1,000; R. I., 5,000; Conn., 2,500; N. Y., 2,000; Penn., 15,000; Md., 5,500; West Va., 2,000; Wis., 1,200; Ohio, 40,000; Missouri, 5,000; Minn., 6,000; Iowa, 4,000; Ind., 35,000; Ill., 30,000. These majorities do not include the soldiers' vote, which will probably add 60,000 to the aggregate majority. Del. gives McClellan 450, Ky. 25,000 and N. J. 5,500.

CHICAGO, Nov. 16th.

A gentleman in this city has a letter from a relative holding a high position in Sherman's army, stating that a grand movement is to be made on Savannah, for which point Sherman has already started taking thirty days rations.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16th.

On the 7th, the steamers Montgomery and Lithian, chased the pirate Tallahassee from 10 o'clock in the morning until dark. The pursuit was unflagging, and they were at one time so near had they got to her, that in a short time more she would have been their prey, when night set in and she escaped in the darkness.

By the Catawba we have New Orleans dates to the 3d. The rebels are building forts on both sides of Red River above Alexandria Falls.

Registered enemies sent out of the lines have been conscripted by rebels.

The rebels at Brownsville prohibit importations, except of corn flour and vegetables.

Our Consul at Matamoras is still protected by the French guard.

Over 1,000 deserters from the rebel army came across the Rio Grande in one day, and gave themselves up.

Gen. Barlow has made two very successful raids in Western Fla.

Richmond papers of Saturday last devote much space to the discussion of northern politics. The result of the election is considered a declaration that the northern people will have four years more war. Therefore, the Southern people are urged to think of war for an indefinite period, and they desire to have no talk or trouble about questions of peace, and invite such men as Stephens, Brown and Boyce, to resign. The Whig is confident that before the close of the month, Grant will have made a combined land and water attack on Richmond.

The Herald's City Point correspondent of the 14th, says: That

Gen. Egan was wounded in the arm by sharpshooters that morning.

The Tribune's special says: A report gains currency that Fessenden will be succeeded by Walker. Stanton's illness is so severe that his physician has advised him to abandon his official duties.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16th.

Herald's special says the reported capture of Augusta, Ga., by Sherman, is treated here as pure canard, there being no information here to make the slightest foundation for the rumor. Even if Sherman was marching in that direction he has not had time to reach Augusta, and there is no expectation of hearing from him for several days, except through rebel sources.

Herald's Shenandoah Valley correspondent gives further particulars of the pursuit of the rebels through and beyond Front Royal, by Powell's cavalry. On Sunday last, and gives an account of another fight by Col. Merritt on the same day. This fight consisted of several hours' skirmishing and the rebels being driven back in great confusion. While this was in progress, Early advanced his infantry as far as Middletown, but withdrew on the defeat of his cavalry and returned to Fisher's Hill. Our loss is very small. Early's infantry force is large. Powell sent back from Luray Valley as the fruits of his chase of Early's flying troops, two pieces of artillery and 150 prisoners.

MONTREAL, Nov. 16th.

The case of the St. Albans raiders is postponed until the 13th December, to procure evidence for the defence.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 16th.

Fifty rebel prisoners succeeded in scaling the fence at Camp Morton on Monday night, and forty escaped.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 16th.

A Nashville special says a rebel army, numbering 30,000, is still concentrated in the vicinity of Florence, with one corps on this side of the river. The condition of the roads prevents active military operations, and the rebels remain comparatively quiet.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.

The Ocean Queen from New York on the 24th ult., with California passengers, arrived at Aspinwall on the 3d inst. The passengers crossed the Isthmus and sailed for San Francisco on the same day.

Commercial's special says Butler had an interview with the President to-day. It is reported that he has been assigned to the command of an important expedition, and will not return to the army of the James. His speech in New York is warmly commended. Richmond papers say that Sherman was at Atlanta on the 7th.

HEAD-QUARTERS ARMY POTOMAC, November 16th.

A sharp fight between the pickets last night at 10 o'clock, and lasted about an hour, without any notable result.

PORTLAND, Nov. 16th.

The U. S. revenue cutter Mahoning Webster, reports going into Castine on last Sunday at 1 p. m., and was fired on by the battery, while two and a half miles distant, with one blank cartridge and two excellent line shots—both fell short. She had her colors flying. It was blowing a gale at the time, and she left for Seal Harbor.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16th.

A steamer, supposed to be the Quaker City, was seen at 8 o'clock, a. m., on the 12th, in latitude 24-15, and longitude 75-10, chasing another vessel, and upon which she was gaining fast.

HALIFAX, Nov. 16th.

Bermuda dates of the 8th, state that the pirate Chicamunga arrived at Five Fathoms Hole on the morning of the 7th for repairs, and had captured a bark and two schooners whose names were unknown, besides those already reported.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16th.

The Commercial's special says: Late Richmond papers received show great anxiety concerning Sherman's movements. His being at Atlanta on the 7th with Hood far in his rear, they regard as showing that he has no fears for the rebel General's movements, but is prepared to carry out a new plan on a gigantic scale. It is suspected here that the rebels are entirely unprepared for the grand coup of Sherman's, and have perpetrated a great blunder in sending Hood to invade Tennessee.

The Photo special says: There are well defined rumors that Gen. Butler's New York speech foreshadows the policy of the Administration.

A Washington special states that, an

office of one of the District of Columbia regiments reached here, having escaped from a rebel prison, and who says that 8,000 Union prisoners are in the stockade at Savannah, where they fare somewhat better than at Andersonville. Twenty-five thousand prisoners are at Milne, Ga. This seems to indicate a removal of our prisoners from Andersonville.

The Herald's City Point special says: A demonstration by rebel pickets in front of the 2d corps on Saturday night, made no impression on our lines. They remained the same on Sunday as on the previous evening. Heavy cannonading was heard in the vicinity of Dutch Gap on Sunday night. Result not ascertained. The weather is cold, and many of the soldiers have built log huts to make themselves more comfortable. This don't indicate going into winter quarters.

The World's special says: Intelligence is received that Early has retreated from the Shenandoah, and proceeded by forced marches to Lynchburg.

The Herald's special with Sheridan on the 15th, says: There was a cavalry reconnaissance to-day as far as Cedar Creek. Custar's division marched along the Middletown road, and Merritt's along the Winchester and Strausburg turnpike. Early recrossed Cedar last night and again occupied Fisher's Hill. From stragglers and inhabitants we ascertained that Early's infantry force was considerable, and the smoke from their camp fires was distinctly visible from Cedar Creek.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17th.

The Richmond Whig contains a rumor that Hood has taken Decatur, Ala., and captured a garrison of 8,000 troops, half of whom were colored, on the 8th. A rebel attack on Huntsville, Ala., is also reported.

The Montgomery Mail of the 7th, expects an early advance on Augusta or Macon, by Sherman.

The Richmond Examiner ridicules the idea of any such movement.

Brigadier-General Tyler, has forwarded to the War Department at Washington, a black flag captured from Early's command in August. The efficiency and activity of Sheridan's cavalry is shown in the fact that, the 1st division under Merritt, has captured during the present campaign, 29 pieces of artillery, 2,000 prisoners, 18 caissons, 100 wagons and ambulances, and 14 battle flags.

The rebel newspapers contain Forrest's account of the destruction of the Union gunboats and transports on the Tennessee at Johnsonville. Four gunboats, four men's canoes and twenty barges, are claimed as having been burned, consuming an immense amount of valuable property. This may be believed as the report claims, that a good portion of the immense stores at Johnsonville has been destroyed, but we have since learned that Johnsonville is still in the hands of the Union forces and but a small portion of the army supplies there were burned.

The bombardment of Charleston and Fort Sumter is reported as still continued with steadiness and severity. Ten vessels and seventy-eight transports are reported at Hilton Head. Richmond papers of Monday say that on the 9th Hood's army was at Tusculum and Sherman at Atlanta. Herald's Washington special says the Secretary of the Treasury has decided to anticipate the payment of the January interest on gold interest bonds.

Gen. Butler and staff have gone to the Army of Potomac.

No guerrillas have been seen east of the Bull Run mountains since the 6th.

Superintendent Kennedy, of the Metropolitan police, having become aware of certain extensive forgeries committed in this and other States, about six weeks since, gave the case to detectives to work up. They have since then been diligently engaged, with very satisfactory results. Four of the principal operators have been arrested, one of whom turned states' evidence yesterday, and gave testimony against the others. The whole series of forgeries is supposed to involve the sum of about one quarter of a million.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17th.

The rebel committee reports the following destruction by Sheridan: 430 barns, 31 mills, 3 factories and 1 furnace. He burned 100 miles of fencing, 100,000 bushels of wheat, 50,000 bushels of corn and 6,000 tons of hay, and carried off 1,700 head of cattle, the same number of horses and 4,000 hogs.

The Montreal Gazette publishes Young's commission from the rebel government authorizing him to organize for special service a company, not to exceed two hundred in number, from those who belong to Confederate service.

Herald's special says the necessity for adopting a fixed policy in reference to the proposed return of the seceded

States, is vigorously pressed upon the Administration. Banks and other Generals now here, report that assistance and protection to Union men in La., Ark. and Ga., in changing the systems of labor heretofore existing in those States, will secure not only their return but permanent adherence to the Federal Union.

The Times' special with Sheridan says: Guerrillas still infest the road, rendering the movements of wagons impassable without a strong escort.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 17th.

Private reliable news dated Rome, Ga., the 16th, says: The destruction of manufactories, mills and other buildings of value to the enemy, commenced yesterday. Extensive rolling mills, stables and storehouses, were destroyed by order of Gen. Corne. Some places of minor importance were fired by the soldiers, and a number of private residences were destroyed. A very small portion of the enemy attacked our pickets while engaged in the destruction, and were driven off. On Tuesday last the outskirts of Atlanta were attacked by 1,500 cavalry who were beaten off with but little difficulty.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17th.

Six steamships and boats, similar to the one used by Cushing in destroying the Albatross, are just completed.

The officers of the private Florida have been taken from Point Lookout and committed to the old Capitol prison.

The Herald's Vienna letter says: The Austrian force thus far in Mexico, consists of 3,700 men, and will be increased to 7,000. Many Polish refugees have enlisted. These troops will leave for Mexico in January.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17th.

Nashville correspondent says Beauregard Headquarters are at Corinth—Hood with Cheatham corps was at Florence, the camp extending on the north side of the river as far as Tusculum. S. D. Lee's corps is at Jackson, Tenn. at Corinth Jacinto and Rengi fifteen miles from each other. On the Mobile and Ohio road the entire rebel army which one year ago numbered seventy-five thousand veterans, now muster over forty thousand. Including Forrests and Wheelers cavalry and Dick Taylor's men. Same correspondent says our loss at Johnsonville does not exceed a million of dollars. The facts are that on the night of the 4th, Forrest planted a battery of 10 guns opposite Johnsonville and next morning knocked to pieces three tin clads, next day he shelled the town for 48 hours and then left. In the meanwhile a portion of Wheeler's cavalry appeared at the south of the Fort but finding it strong and well garrisoned they returned to Florence. During the shelling every large boat was struck and only two burned.

CAIRO, Nov. 12th.

An officer from Memphis reported that Gen. Canby died from the effect of a recent wound while enroute to New Orleans.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17th.

Richmond papers of Tuesday make no mention of Sherman's work which fact is regarded here as evidence that he has met with success. The rebel Senate and House had a session on Monday at which it is surmised the question of arming slaves was discussed. It is reported that the President seriously contemplated issuing another Proclamation of Amnesty.

FORT MONROE, Nov. 16th.

The Saxon arrived today from Port Royal. Her captain reports having picked up when 100 miles north east of Hatteras an abandoned schooner named Ringold heading from Deep Mass. with all sails gone and two feet water in her hold.

We are glad to hear that many of our new comrades of the Nevada Territory Volunteers, are enrolling their names as Good Templars. They have taken the right step, and if they will only follow the teachings, and with zeal act in accordance with the true and fundamental principles of that Order, they will be respected by all worthy men.

M. BERGER. I. MORRIS.

PROVISION MARKET!

The undersigned having procured a stall in the

NEW CITY MARKET,

Will keep constantly on hand a good stock of

CHOICE FRUITS, GROCERIES,

GUTTER, EGGS, POULTRY AND

PRODUCE OF ALL KINDS.

Which we will sell at prices against the times.

MORRIS & BERGER.

FOR SALE!

GUNNY BAGS, KEMPEE MACHINES AND

PACKING BOXES, of all sizes, for sale at

the Substantial Warehouse, Great South Lane

City.

JAS. G. SPEARS, JNO. N. TOWN, M. BRANHAM,

VA. CO. N. Y. CO. U. S. CO. E. CO.

Spratt, Todd & Brannan

Agents for the sale of Quartz Claims, and

General Collectors of Debts.

Office over T. D. Brown, G. R. E. Co.

Refer to Spratt, Todd & Co., Clark & Co.,

and others.

Local Matters.

THANKSGIVING.—Thursday next, the 24th of November, has been appointed by the proclamation of our honored President as a day of thanksgiving and prayer throughout the Union—and as an American people we have never had more occasion for returning thanks, heartfelt, devoted thanks to the Father of the world than on this approaching day.

The past year has been fraught with the most unprecedented and triumphant victories on the battle fields—our land, although a portion of it lies devastated by the war, has yielded abundantly, and blessings have been showered upon us on every hand. We have shown to the astonished world the boundless resources of the North, as well as convinced them of our full determination to prosecute this war for the final subjugation of the South, and for the defeat of cowardly traitors at home. Our flag floats majestically to the breeze, with the names of Abraham Lincoln and Andrew Johnson emblazoned thereon, a terror to the South and a death-blow to the sympathizers with the Confederacy at home. Grant, Sherman and Sheridan, with a host of brave and unflinching subordinates, and an army of the bravest, noblest men that were ever arrayed in line of battle, have sounded the death knell in the ears of Jeff. Davis. The infernal nest of the partners of Jeff. Davis in the North has been demolished and its workers have been sent to endless perdition—the ballot has been cast and the Union is preserved. Can we be so wantonly unmindful as to pass the 24th of November next without offering up our thanks to the Supreme Ruler of the Universe for all these gifts, and invoke his divine blessing upon his children throughout the world? No! Let us as loyal and devoted patriots, devote this day as becomes a grateful people, let every worldly pursuit be suspended—let business be checked, and let every man, woman and child thank God for his mercies—for his deliverance of our country from the hands of traitors and from everlasting ruin.

The emigration from, is said to be nearly as large as the emigration to the northern mines. The fortune seeker has found Bannack and Virginia cities no different from many other mining countries, viz: that they are easily overrun with people. The resources of the country are not adequate for the influx of population, and they arrive with the brightest anticipations, which alas! are soon to be blasted. Men with families who have snug little farms, and who are, as the saying goes, well to do in the world at home, should never desert them until the newly developed gold fields insure them of lasting and remunerative claims. Sufficient consideration is wanting at many times on the part of the emigrant—whereas, if more fully practiced, would promote their happiness and prosperity instead of bitterness and adversity.

The merchants of the city are fully stocked for the holiday trade. We notice a very choice lot of goods of every description suitable for Christmas and New Year gifts on the shelves of Ransohoff's, Walker's, Gilbert's and Ellis Bro's, where the gents can find presents for their sweethearts, wives, mothers, or children. At Seigel & Co's, the ladies can find splendid outfits for the gents, of any style.

Gen. Connor, with Captain C. H. Hempstead of his staff, arrived at Denver, Colorado Territory, on Sunday, the 13th of November.

RATES OF GOLD.—At Salt Lake City, Nov. 13th, 1894. Gold Dust, \$100.00. Gold Bars, \$100.00. Gold Coins, \$100.00.

G. Rosenbaum, L. Newman,

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY

MEAT MARKET.

ROSENBAUM & NEWMAN

TAKE PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING

TO THE PUBLIC THAT

THEY HAVE

Now Opened

—THE—

LARGEST MEAT STALL IN THE CITY,

WHERE THE

Choicest Meats

Will Always be on Hand:

BEEF,

PORK,

MUTTON,

VEAL,

LAMB,

PORK SAUSAGE, HEAD CHEESE,

LIVER SAUSAGE,

CORNER BEEF,

CORNER PORK,

PICKLED TONGUE,

TRIPE,

BREASTS,

SWEET BREADS,

And everything in the Business.

THE patronage of the Public is respectfully solicited for this establishment

Every effort will be made to gratify the wishes of customer, and orders sent by the young will have the same prompt attention.

WE INVITE INSPECTION.

N. B.—Purchasers will have their Meats sent to any part of the City

FREE OF CHARGE!

ROSENBAUM & NEWMAN

GILBERT & SONS,

Main Street, next to Salt Lake House.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Dealers in

Groceries,
Provisions,
Clothing,
Hardware,
Crockery,
Glassware,
Stationery,
School Books,
All kinds Preserves, Pick and Can Fruits.

Coats,
Pants,
Vests,
Hats,
Caps,
Boots,
Shoes,
Gloves,
Handkerchiefs,

And a Splendid Assortment of
CENTS FURNISHING GOODS.

Also a Large and
WELL SELECTED STOCK
OF
Dry Goods,
Consisting of

Silks,
Lawn,
Cambrics,
Calicoes,
Checks,
Chambrays,
Flannels,
Shawls,
Ribbons,
Laces,
Hose,

And a well selected assortment of
Fancy, and Toilet Articles,

Such as
Hair Brushes,
Tooth Brushes,
Flesh Brushes,
Nail Brushes,
Coarse and
Fine Combs,

And a Choice Selection of
Pomades and Perfumeries.

Call and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

YAH RU

Remember the place, next door to the Salt Lake House, Main Street, Salt Lake City.

ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS!

N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.

Begin leave to inform the public that they will

NEW STORE,

Overland Stage Line Office,

Largest

And

Best

Assorted

STOCK

MERCHANDISE

Ever brought to this City.

We shall have

Everything that is to be Found.

FIRST CLASS STORE.

We shall also keep the store we now occupy. Where we will always have on hand a

Fine and Well

ASSORTED STOCK

Clothing and Furnishing

Goods.

Liberal Deduction Made

COUNTRY DEALERS.

Flour, Grain and other produce taken for which the usual prices will be allowed.

N. S. RANSOHOFF & CO.

FRESH ARRIVALS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

SIEGEL & CO'S

CLOTHING HALL,

Cor. Main and 1st South Temple St.

Great Salt Lake City.

WE have on hand the most complete assortment of

FALL AND WINTER

Ready Made Clothing

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

ever brought into this Territory, consisting of

every variety of

OVER-COATS (with and without Capes)

DRESS COATS OF ALL STYLES,

PANTS,

VESTS,

SHIRTS,

HATS,

CAPS,

BOOTS,

SHOES,

BLANKETS, ETC.

together with a splendid assortment of notions of all kinds, which we will sell at prices that will

DEFY COMPETITION,

In order to make room for more

GOODS ON THE ROAD.

Liberal advantages offered to

Country Dealers.

See member the place.

Cor. Main and 1st South Temple St.

SIEGEL & CO.

NOTICE!!

OFFICE OF THE PACIFIC TELEGRAPH CO.,

Great Salt Lake City, Nov. 7, 1894.

JOHN A. CREIGHTON, Esq., Virginia City,

Montana Territory is appointed Agent for

this Company. All dispatches will be handed

to and forwarded by him, and all received at

this Office will be sent to him for delivery. He

is supplied with book, and stationery and a y ar-

rangements for newspaper or gold r ports for

that point, can be made with him.

G. W. CREIGHTON, Manager.

National Corral and Livery Stable

NEXT TO NATIONAL

HOTEL, 1ST SOUTH TEMPLE

STREET, GREAT SALT LAKE CITY.

THE subscribers have put up a good new

Stable and Corral, and are now able to ur-

GOOD SADDLE ANIMALS

to all who may wish to hire with the r n r nage.

Splendid Turn-Outs

to all who may wish to hire with the r n r nage.

HORSES GROOMED AND BOARDED

BY THE DAY OR WEEK.

MOREHOUSE & WALL.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!!

MAY FLOWER SALOON.

J. KEAN & CO., Prop's.

Three doors south of Scott, Kerr &

Co's Banking House.

THE above Saloon having been newly fitted

up by the present proprietors, is constantly

ANDY JOHNSON AND HIS CAREER AS A TAILOR.—This distinguished gentleman, our candidate for Vice President, thus answers the flings made by the "Chivs" of the Copperhead party, at his early occupation of tailor, of which he is not ashamed, and has no reason to be.

"Yes, the 'boorish tailor' is put upon the tail of the ticket. What an insult to the aristocracy, who want reputation, without merit and without worth! Yes, I am a tailor; but I learned long since that if a man does not disgrace his profession it never disgraces him. [Cheers.] And I may be permitted to say that, when I was a tailor I made some pretty close fits. [Laughter.] My garments used to be right well proportioned; but I have seen tailors, at their own expense, too, make a man out of very scant material. I used to be considered a very good tailor, and got my work done according to promise. So much for the 'boorish tailor.' One of the fundamental principles of my Democracy is, and it is Republicanism, too, that men should be rewarded according to merit. It is worth that makes the man, and the want of it the fellow."

A HEAVY WEIGHT.—Mr. Douglas, son of the Bishop of Salisbury, was 6 feet 2 inches in height, and of enormous bulk. The little boys of Oxford always gathered about him when he went into the streets to look at his towering bulk. "Get out of my way you little scamps," he used to cry, "I will roll upon you." It was upon this gentleman that Canning composed the following epigram: That the stones of our chapel are both black and white.
Is most undeniably true;
But as Douglas walks o'er them both morning and night,
It's a wonder they're not black and blue.

Two boys were reading the McClellan placard:
"What's G. B. for? What's his name?" Said one.
"Gun Boat McClellan," was the reply.

"What do they call him Gun Boat McClellan for?"
"Because he was six hours on board one at the Malvern Hill fight, and don't remember anything about it."—Tribune.

A late Richmond paper publishes an advertisement of the Albemarle Female Institute, the terms of which, for a session of four months, are as follows: For board, \$1,400; tuition in collegiate department, \$250; music on piano and use of instrument, \$220. The principal will, however, accept \$75.50 if paid in provisions at ante war prices.

A Wisconsin exchange says, on the faith of a private letter, that times are awful hard in Canada. No business done, wages not sufficient to pay board, and almost impossible to get work at anything. The country is overrun with skeddaddlers from the United States and the Confederacy, while thousands of Canadians are leaving for the States to procure work.

A married lady, who was in the habit of spending most of her time in the society of her neighbors, happened one day to be taken suddenly ill, and sent her husband in great haste for a physician. The husband ran a short distance, but soon returned, anxiously exclaiming: "My dear, where shall I find you when I go home?"

Every wrinkle in a dandy's face, as if the latter were the lining of the former.

The man who popped the question by "starlight," got his sweetheart's consent.

UNITED STATES SALOON.

W. L. SHOLES, Proprietor.
House in
SALT LAKE CITY.

If you wish the BEST DRINK, cold or hot, call at this house.
If you wish the BEST COCKTAIL, call at this house.
If you wish to smoke the BEST CIGAR, call at this house.
If you wish to read the LATEST NEWS, call at this house.
If you wish to be TREATED LIKE A GENTLEMAN, call at this house.

A GOOD FIRE
always kept at this House; also, a fine OYSTER AND LUNCH ROOM,
where everybody can be served on the shortest notice by CHARLEY TURNER or MR. ANGELL.
Lunch Room open day and night, also on Sundays.
Saloon Hours from 4 o'clock in the morning until 10 at night. o25tf

FROM THE EASTERN MARKET!

JUST RECEIVED
A SPLENDID STOCK OF
GOODS!!

VARIETY TOO GREAT

TO

ENUMERATE!

WALKER BROS.

NEW STORE! NEW STORE!!

ELLIS & BROTHERS

Have just received a full and complete assortment of

General Merchandise,

consisting in part of

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS.

MILLINERY GOODS IN VARIETY,

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Hats,

Embroideries of all descriptions,

Cassimere and Berage Shawls,

Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes,

Yankee Notions, etc., etc.

Also, a full assortment of Gentlemen's

Ready Made Clothing,

Gent's Furnishing Goods,

Hats and Caps of all prices and qualities,

Boots and shoes of the best manufacture,

California blankets of varied shades,

Straw matting, Window shades, etc.

And a full and complete assortment of

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY

Rope of all sizes, Glass and Queens-

ware, Stationery and Blank

Books, Dye Stuffs, etc.,

All of which we offer for sale, wholesale and

retail, at prices cheaper than the cheapest, tak-

ing as our motto

Small Profits and Quick Sales.

One of our firm residing in the market city,

our facilities are such that we shall constantly

be in receipt of new goods, which we will en-

deavor always to purchase with an eye open to

the requirements and to the advantage of this

community.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere and

we assure you that you will be satisfied.

Politeness, strict attention, and Accommoda-

tion to Customers, will always be the order of

the day.

All kinds of Produce taken in

exchange for Goods.

Our place of business is on the west side of

East Temple street, (Main street.)

ELLIS & BROTHERS.

FREIGHT TO THE MINES!

FREIGHT TO VIRGINIA CITY!

Freight to Bannock City!

Freight to Boise City!

Freight to Idaho City!

The undersigned is prepared to furnish any amount of Transportation, for

ANY AMOUNT OF FREIGHT,

Either by

Whe or Ox Teams,

To the above, or other points, with

Safety and Dispatch,

And upon

REASONABLE TERMS.

Apply at my office, Salt Lake House, first

door south of Hotel entrance.

HOWARD LIVINGSTON.

September 21, 1884. s3tf

MULES.

I have Fifty Head of

Large, Young, and Well Broke

AMERICAN MULES,

Which I will exchange for

WHEAT,

BARLEY,

OATS,

FLOUR

OR RAY.

Apply at my office, Salt Lake House, first

door south of Hotel entrance.

HOWARD LIVINGSTON.

September 21, 1884. s3tf

THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE

PRINTING OFFICE,

CAMP DOUGLAS, UTAH TERR.

THE PIONEER DAILY NEWSPAPER PRINTING OFFICE

UTAH TERRITORY.

Having lately received a large and complete Assortment of Job Type,

Printing Material
We are now prepared to execute all kinds of

PLAIN, FANCY & ORNAMENTAL

PRINTING,

SUCH AS

POSTERS,

HAND BILLS,

BALL TICKETS,

LETTER HEADS,

MINING CERTIFICATES,

PROGRAMMES,

WAY-BILLS,

CIRCULARS,

CHECKS,

DRAFTS,

NOTES,

CARDS,

And can successfully compete in price, style and promptness with any establishment west of the Rocky, or east of the Sierra Nevada Mountains, and we guarantee satisfaction with every order.

ORDERS SOLICITED.

Specimens of work may be seen at the "Daily Union Vedette," Printing Office, Camp Douglas.

OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY.

TO VIRGINIA CITY, NEV. TER., IN FIVE DAYS.

The Overland Mail Company, carrying

United States Mail

FROM

Salt Lake to Virginia City, N. T.

Forms in connection with the Overland Stage, East, and the Pioneer Stage Co., West, the

GREAT OVERLAND MAIL LINE

BETWEEN

Atchison, Kansas, and Placerville, California,

And a perfect line of communication between the

ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC COASTS

The coaches of this line are

Neat and Commodious,

And special attention is paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers.

The Trip from

Salt Lake City to Virginia, N. T.

Is made

INSIDE OF FIVE DAYS;

Thence by rapid means of conveyance to Placerville, Sacramento and San Francisco, making the through trip

INSIDE OF SEVEN DAYS.

Coach's Leave Salt Lake City,

EVERY DAY,

AT TWO O'CLOCK, P. M.

H. S. RUNFIELD, Agent.

Great Salt Lake City, July 1st, 1884. s311tf

OVERLAND STAGE LINE.

BEN HOLLADAY, Proprietor.

Carrying the great through mail between the

Atlantic and Pacific States.

This Line is now running

DAILY COACHES

In connection with the

OVERLAND MAIL COMPANY,

To and from Atchison, Kansas, Nebraska City and Placerville, California, through Salt Lake City.

Coaches for Atchison and Nebraska City leave every morning at ten o'clock.

A Treasure and Freight Express

Carried weekly between

SALT LAKE, ATCHISON and NEBRASKA CITY.

In charge of the most competent and

worthy Messengers.

This Line also runs

TRI-WEEKLY COACHES,

Carrying Passengers, Mails and Express matter between Salt Lake City and Virginia City, Montana, via. East Bannock City. Also, a

TRI-WEEKLY LINE

Between Walla Walla, Oregon, and Salt Lake City, via. Boise City, West Bannock

Time to Denver, N. T., 5 days.

Time to Atchison's Nebraska City, 12

JOHN S. HARRISON, Agent.